

Exercising receptor-site similarity:

From Off-Target Identification
to Scaffold Hopping

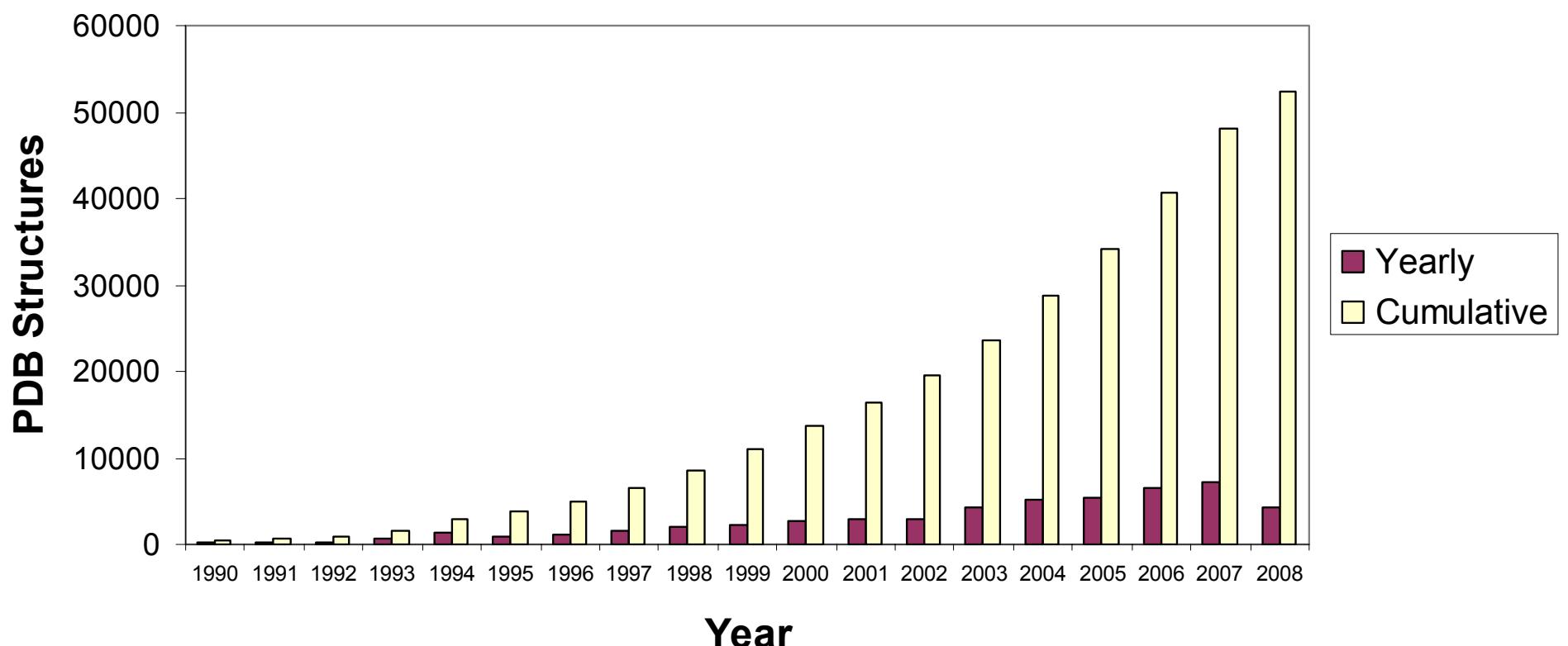
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Eidogen-Sertanty, Inc.
smuskal@eidogen-sertanty.com

Protein Structure Growth is Accelerating

> 50K Structures/co-complexes (Aug-2008)
> 600 deposits per month → **>150/week!**

PDB Growth
source: rcsb.org



Drugs developed using SBDD

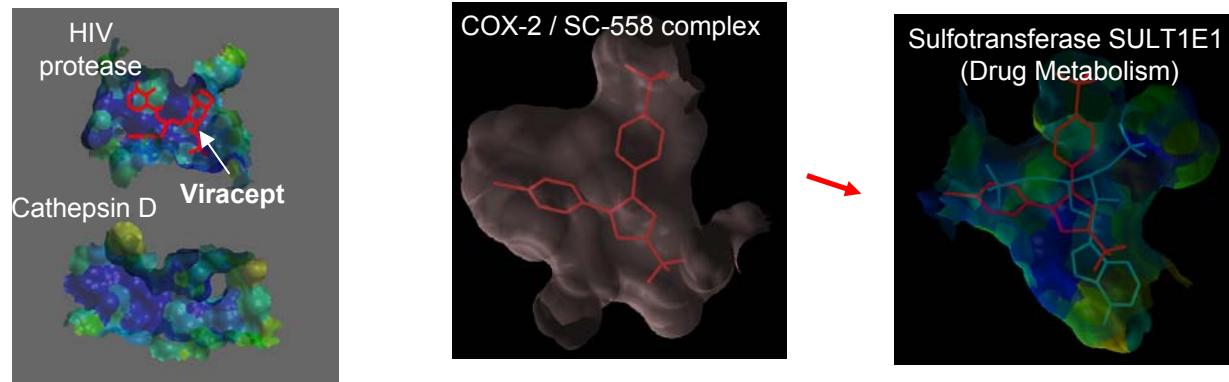
| Inhibitor/Drug | Disease | Company(s) | Protein targeted | Enzyme Family |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------------|
| STI-571/Gleevec | Chronic Myeloid Leukemia | Novartis | c-Abl kinase | Tyrosine kinase |
| Fluoroquinolone/Ciprofloxacin | Bacterial infection | Bayer | Gyrase | ATP Hydrolase |
| Saquinavir/Invirase, Ritonavir/Norvir, Indinavir/ Crixivan, Nelfinavir/Viracept, Amprenavir/Agenerase, Fosamprenavir/Lexiva, | AIDS | Roche, Abbott, Agouron, Merck, Vertex | HIV-1 Protease | Aspartylprotease |
| Trusopt | Glaucoma | Merck | Carbonic Anhydrase | Lyase |
| Thymitaq | Cancer | Agouron | Thymidylate synthase | Methyl transferase |
| Celecoxib/Celebrex, Rofecoxib/Vioxx | Inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis | Searle, Merck | Cox-2 | Oxidoreductase |
| AG3340/Prinomastat | Cancer | Agouron | Matrix metalloprotease | Metalloprotease |
| Oseltamivir phosphate/Tamiflu, Zanamivir/Relenza | Influenza | Roche | Neuraminidase | Glycosidase |

Source: <http://www.active-sight.com/science/sbdd.html>

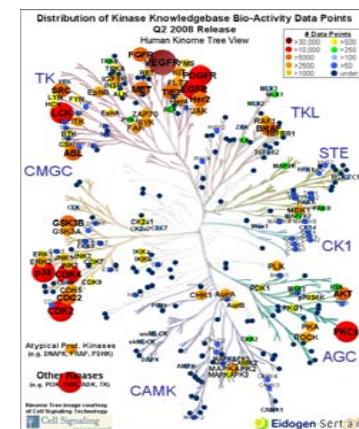
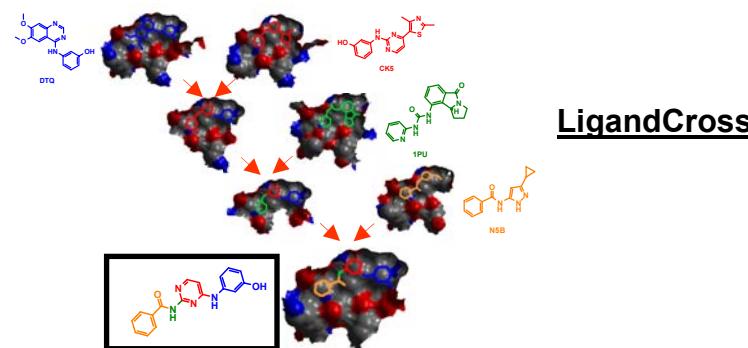
Bringing Proteomic Riches to All Scientists

Automated Modeling and Proteomic Structural Mining

- Sequence-to-structure; keyword-, sequence-, ligand-, protein structure-, receptor-site-searching
- Exploit Structural fold, receptor-site conservation, and ligand-based SAR
 - Off-Target Identification (opportunities v. liabilities)



→ Borrowing Matter Ideas from co-complexes, protein structures, and SAR



Kinase Knowledgebase
(KKB)

About Eidogen-Sertanty

- Knowledge-Driven Discovery Solutions Provider

- Formed in March 2005 when Sertanty (Libraria→Sertanty 2003) acquired Eidogen (Bionomix 2000)
- >\$20M Invested in Technology Development
- 12 FTE's
- Worldwide Customerbase
- Cash-Positive

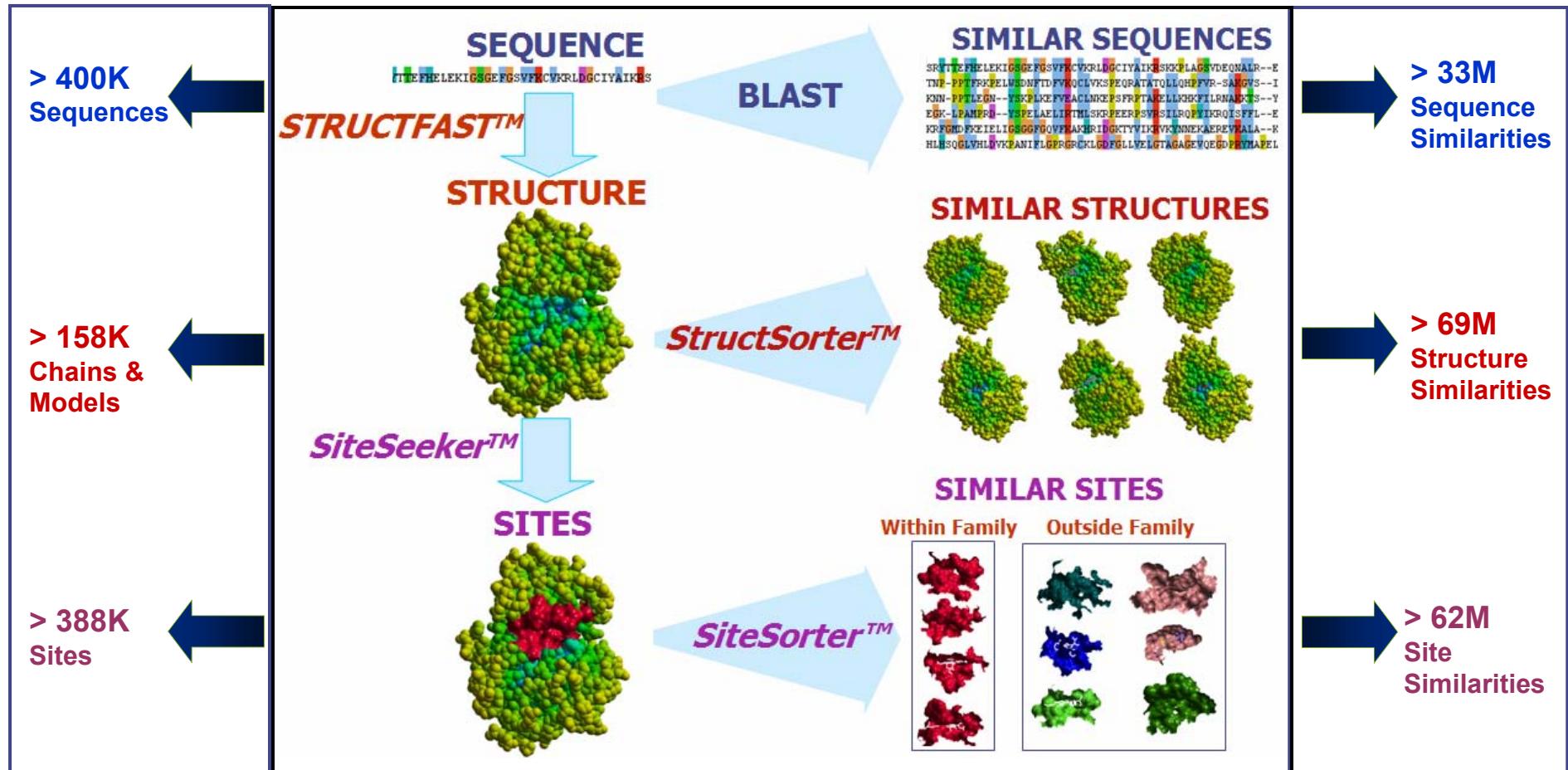
- Chemogenomic Databases & Analysis Software

- *TIP™* - Structural Informatics Platform
- *KKB™* - Kinase SAR and Chemistry Knowledgebase
- *CHIP™* - Chemical Intelligence Platform

- DirectDesign™ Discovery Collaborations

- In Silico Target Screening (“Target Fishing” and Repurposing)
- Target and compound prioritization services
- Fast Follower Design: Novel, Patentable Leads

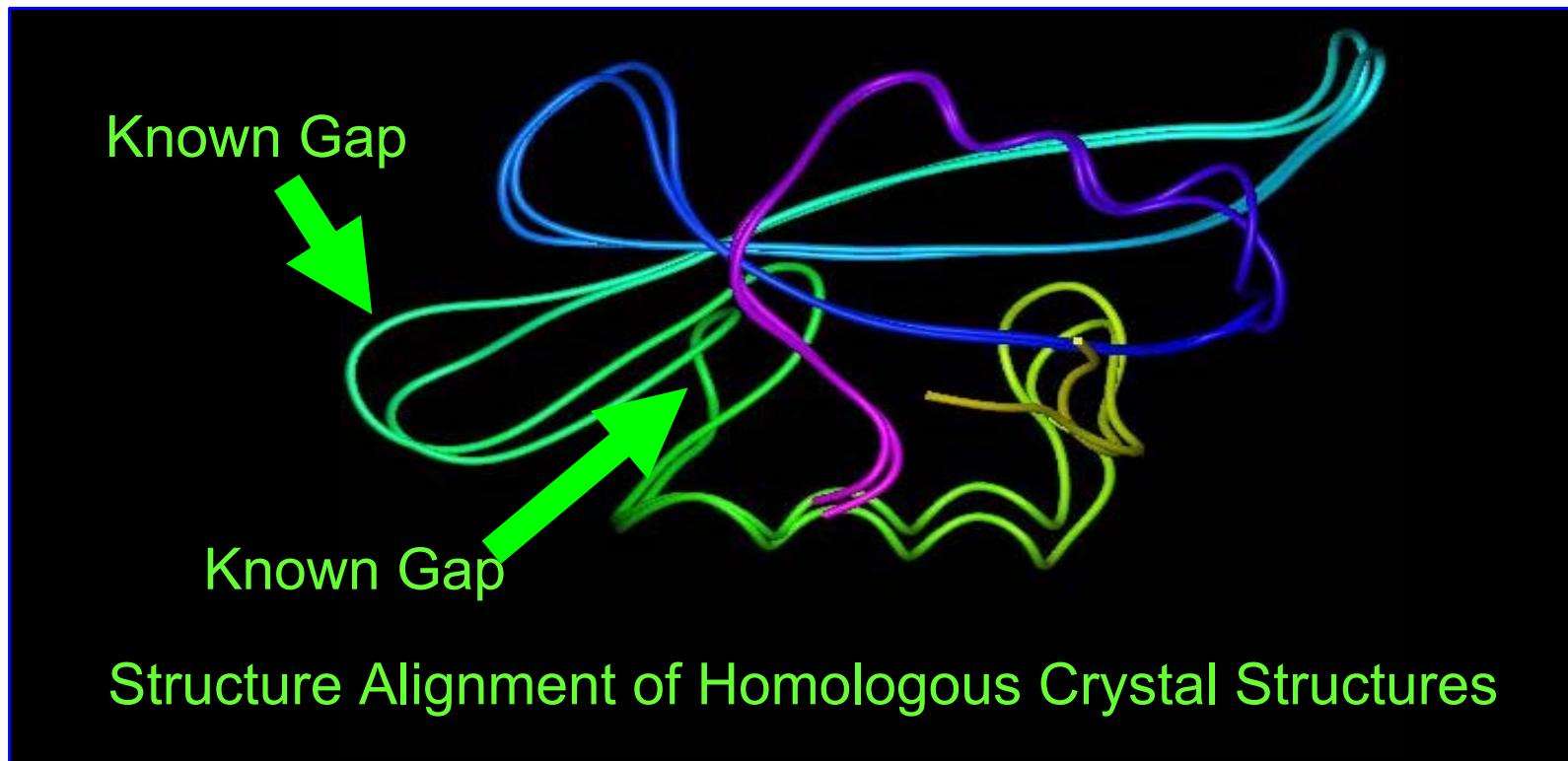
TIP Algorithm Engine



STRUCTFAST™

STructure Realization Utilizing Cogent Tips From Aligned Structural Templates

Basic Principle: Gaps known to exist should not be strongly penalized.



Leverages experimental structure and structural alignment data to create better alignments

1) Convergent Island Statistics: A fast method for determining local alignment score significance. Bioinformatics, 2005, 21, 2827-2831

2) STRUCTFAST: Protein Sequence Remote Homology Detection and Alignment Using Novel Dynamic Programming and Profile-Profile Scoring Proteins. 2006 64:960-967

SiteSeeker™

Geometric Site-Finding Algorithms Find Many Pockets

But they don't know which pockets are important!

Evolutionary Trace Approach

Can't clearly define site boundary

Not all conserved residues are functionally relevant

SiteSeeker combines both methods

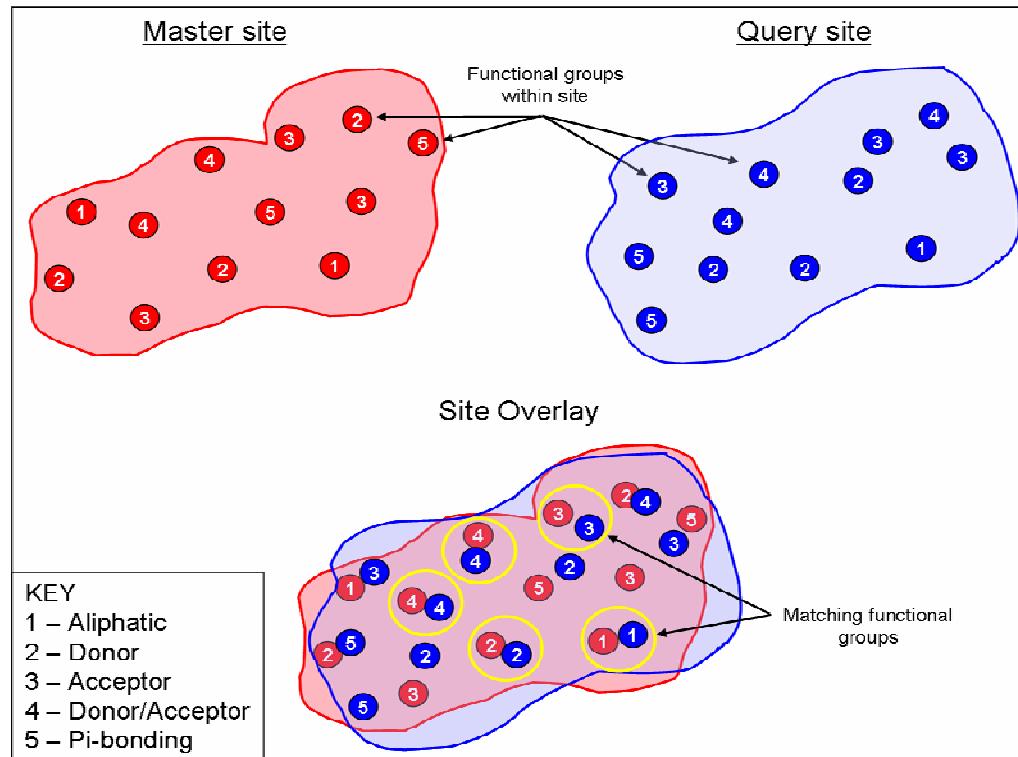
Reliability & Confidence

We use proteins with apo- & co-crystal structures in the PDB to test the accuracy & reliability of method

Allows us to map SiteSeeker score to predict confidence!
(e.g. At this SiteSeeker score, 80% are “real” co-crystal sites)
→ Sites with <60% confidence are not stored in TIP

Weighted Clique Detection Algorithm

Importance of Points Related To Conservation In Multiple Sequence Alignment



Surface Atoms Assigned One of 5 Different Chemical Characters
Matching points increase the *SiteSorter* similarity score

TIP Content

>75,000 Human Sequences

>116,000 Total PDB chains (~50K PDBs)
> 42,000 Homology Models

>194,000 PDB co-crystal sites
>190,000 Predicted Sites (on PDBs & Models)

Updated monthly with
new PDBs and models:

e.g. March 2006:

- 661 new PDBs added
- 447 new models built
 - 153 had no previous structure in TIP
 - 294 had "better" models built

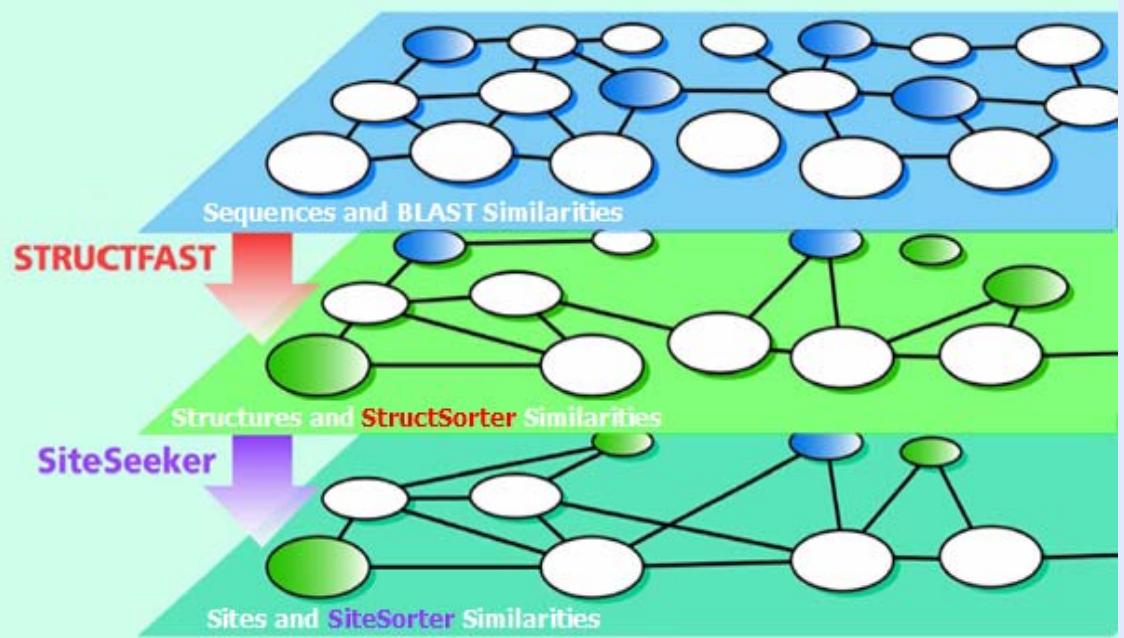
e.g. July 2008:

- 576 new PDBs added
- 1045 new models built

>33M Sequence Similarities

>69M Structural Similarities

>62M Site Similarities

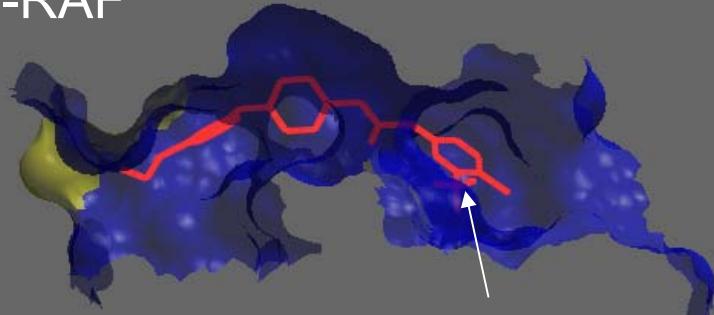


Automatically updated with new models as the PDB grows

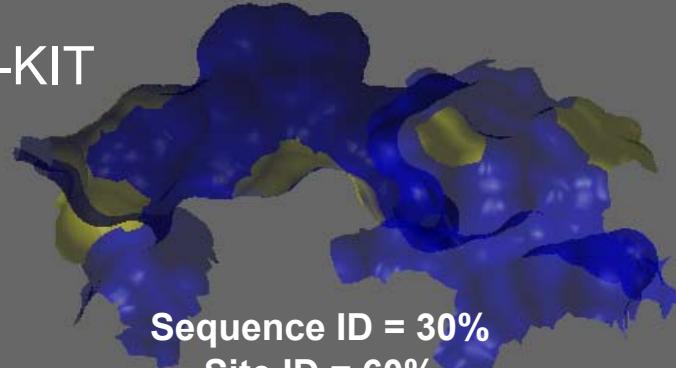
Off-Target Opportunities

Intra-Family Opportunities

B-RAF



C-KIT



Sequence ID = 30%

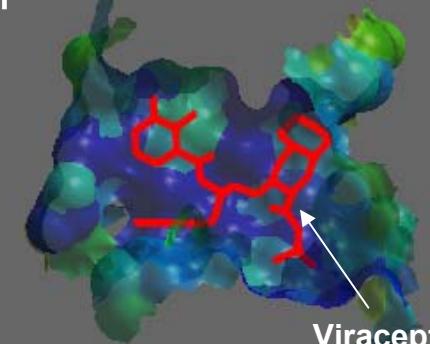
Site ID = 60%

Top 10 SiteSorter rank

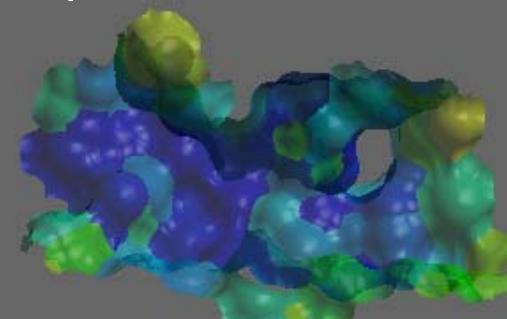
**B-RAF inhibitor BAY 43-9006
also inhibits C-KIT**

Inter-family Opportunities

HIV protease



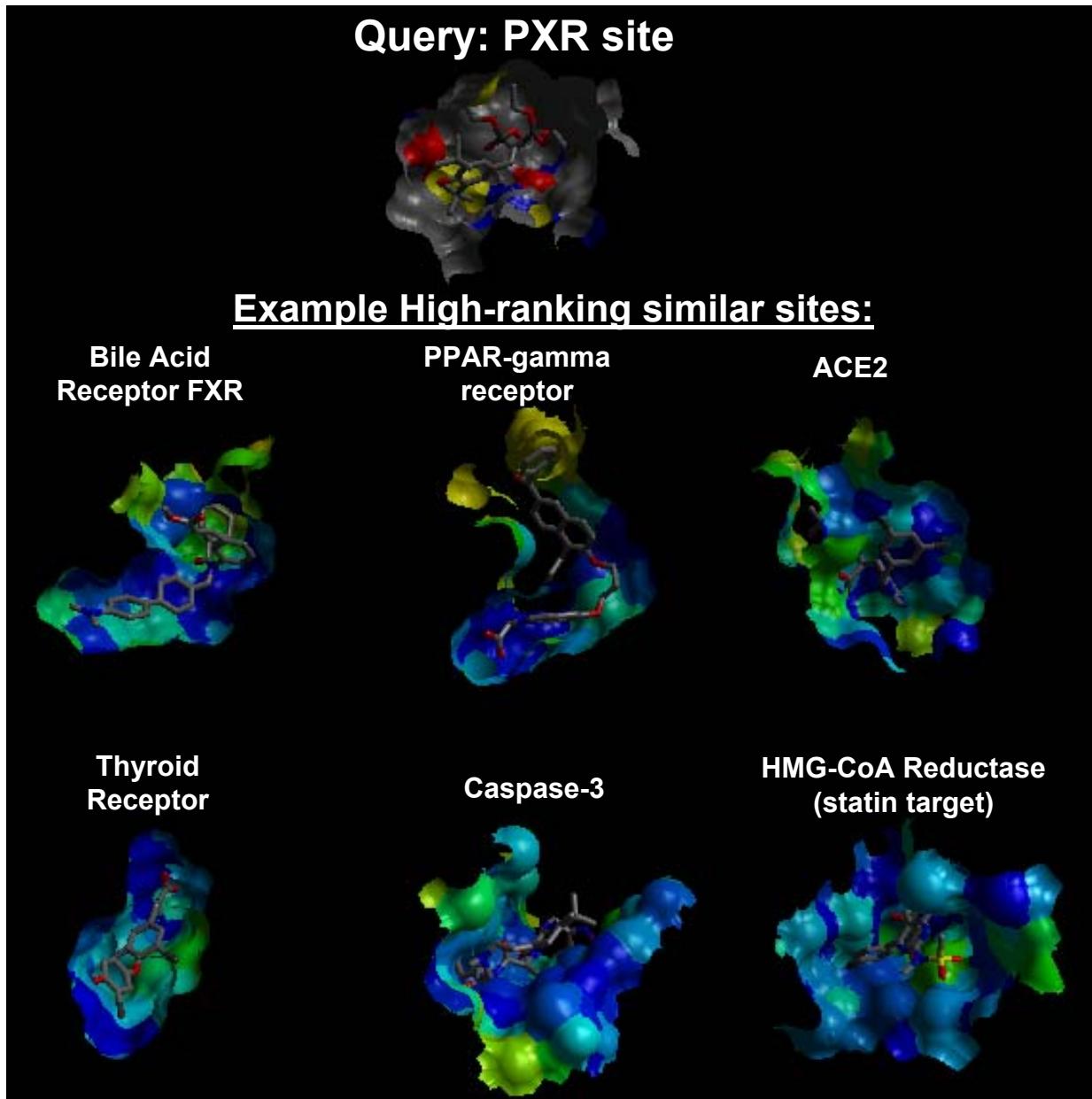
Cathepsin D



Key contacts conserved

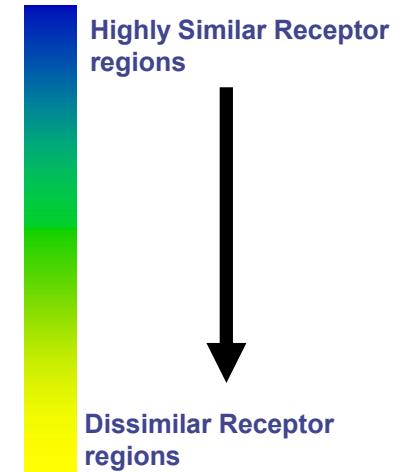
**Cathepsin D is inhibited by HIV
protease inhibitors**

PXR – Promiscuous Ligand-Binding Site

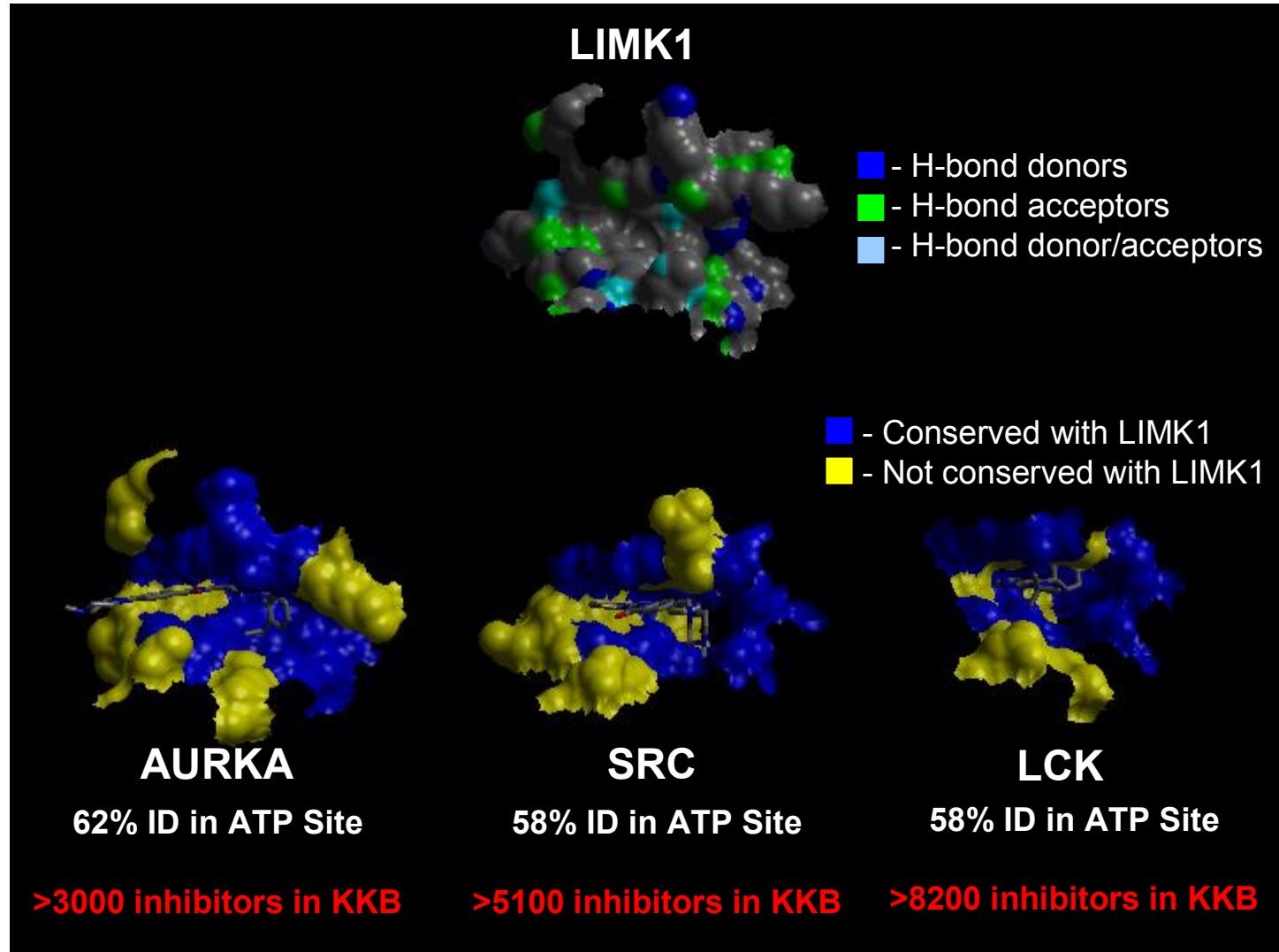


Pregnane X-receptor –
PXR (“sensor”) →CYP3A4
(“executioner”)
PXR Binds > 50% drugs
Including some bile acids,
statins, herbal components, a
selection of HIV protease
inhibitors, calcium channel
modulators, numerous
steroids, plasticizers and
monomers, organochlorine
pesticides, a peroxisome
proliferator-activated receptor-
antagonist, xenobiotics and
endobiotics...

Site Similarity Coloring



LIMK1 – ATP binding site comparison

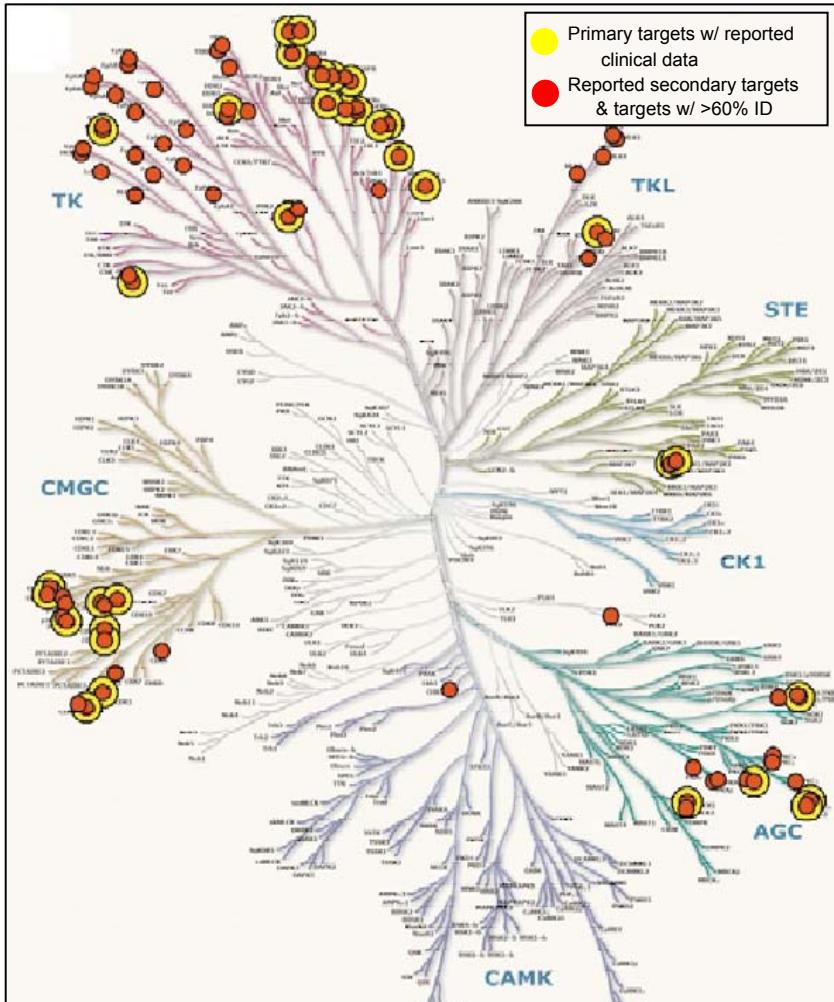


The ATP site of LIMK1 shares a high level of homology with several well-studied kinases

Kinase SAR Knowledgebase – Hot Targets

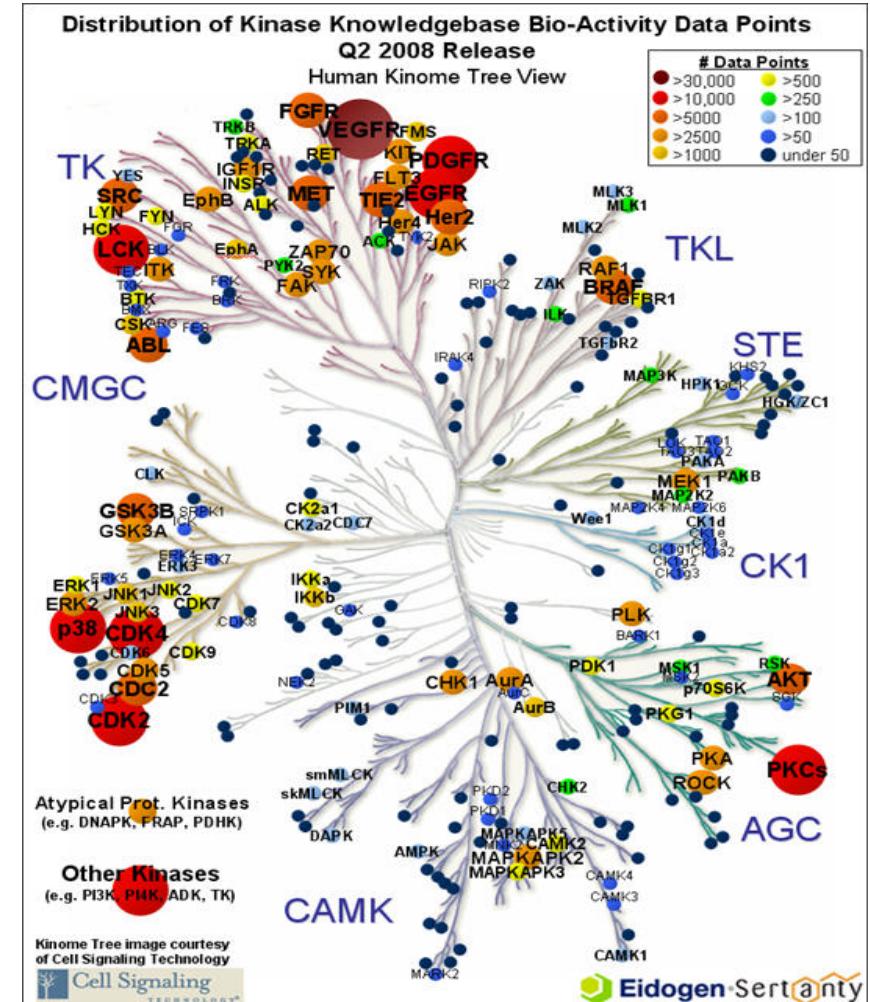
Kinase Targets of Clinical Interest

from Vieth *et al.* *Drug Disc. Today* 10, 839 (2005).



>362,000 SAR data points curated from
>4,270 journal articles and patents
>130 Bayesian QSAR Models

Eidogen-Sertanty KKB SAR Data Point Distribution



Kinase Knowledgebase (KKB)

Kinase inhibitor structures and SAR data mined from

> 4278 journal articles/patents

- **KKB Content Summary (Q2-2008):**

of kinase targets: **>390**

of SAR Data points: **> 362,000**

of **unique** kinase molecules with SAR data: **>120,000**

of annotated assay protocols: **>16,000**

of annotated chemical reactions: **>2,300**

of unique kinase inhibitors: **>465,000** (~340K enumerated from patent chemistries)

- **KKB Growth Rate:**

- Average **15-20K** SAR data points added per quarter
- Average **20-30K** unique structures added per quarter

Kinase Knowledgebase (KKB)

Kinase inhibitor structures and SAR data mined from

▶ 1100+ journal articles / abstracts

Kinase Validation Set

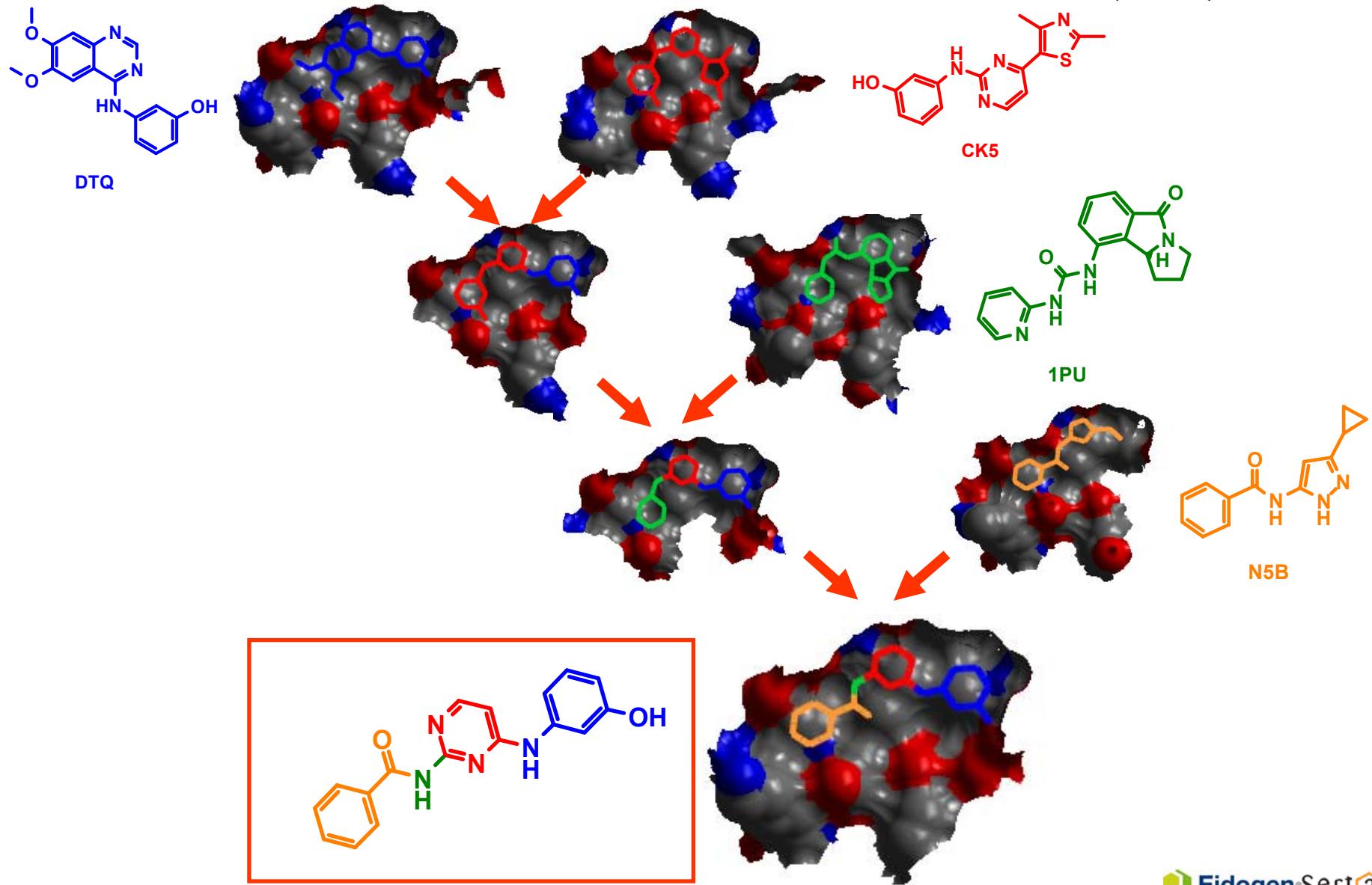
Three sizable datasets freely available to the research community

<http://www.eidogen-sertanty.com/kinasednld.php>

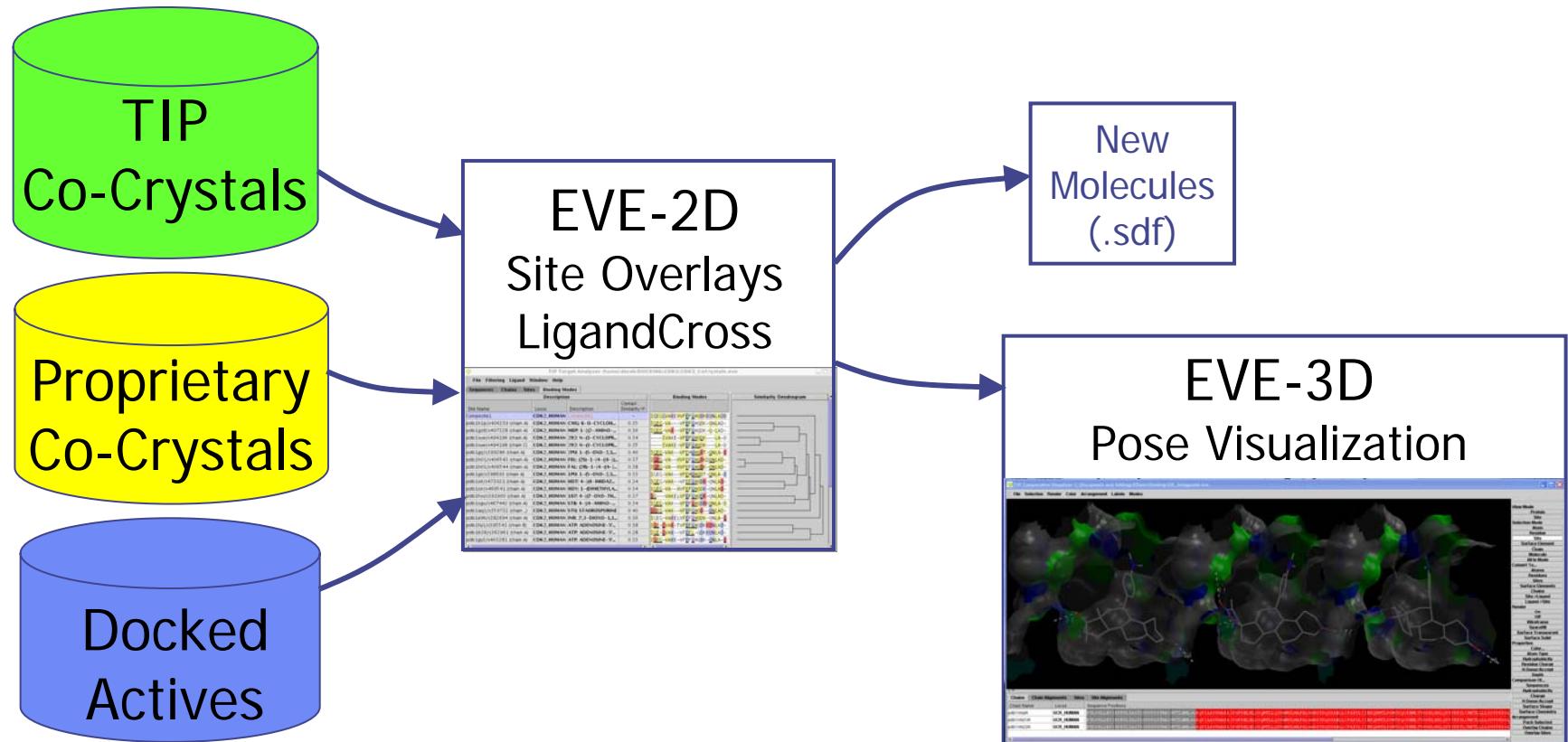
▶ Average ~2000 unique structures added per quarter

Lead Discovery: Knowledge-Based Design

Similar to Vertex's BREED: J. Med. Chem. **47**, 2768 (2004).



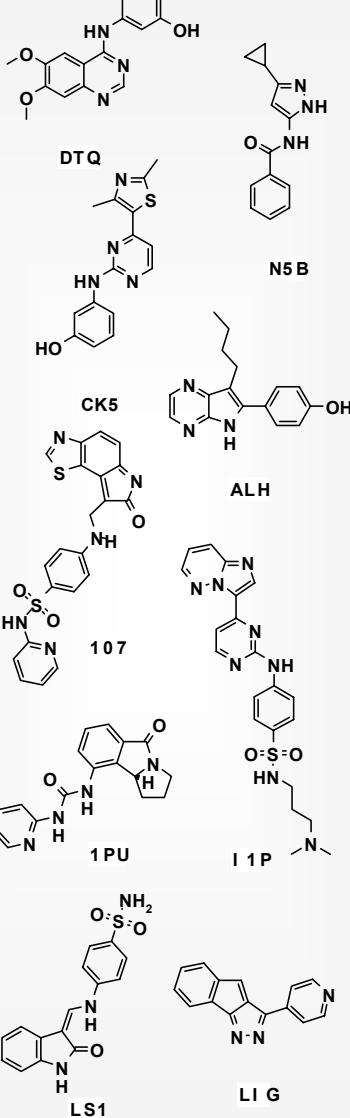
LigandCross Workflow



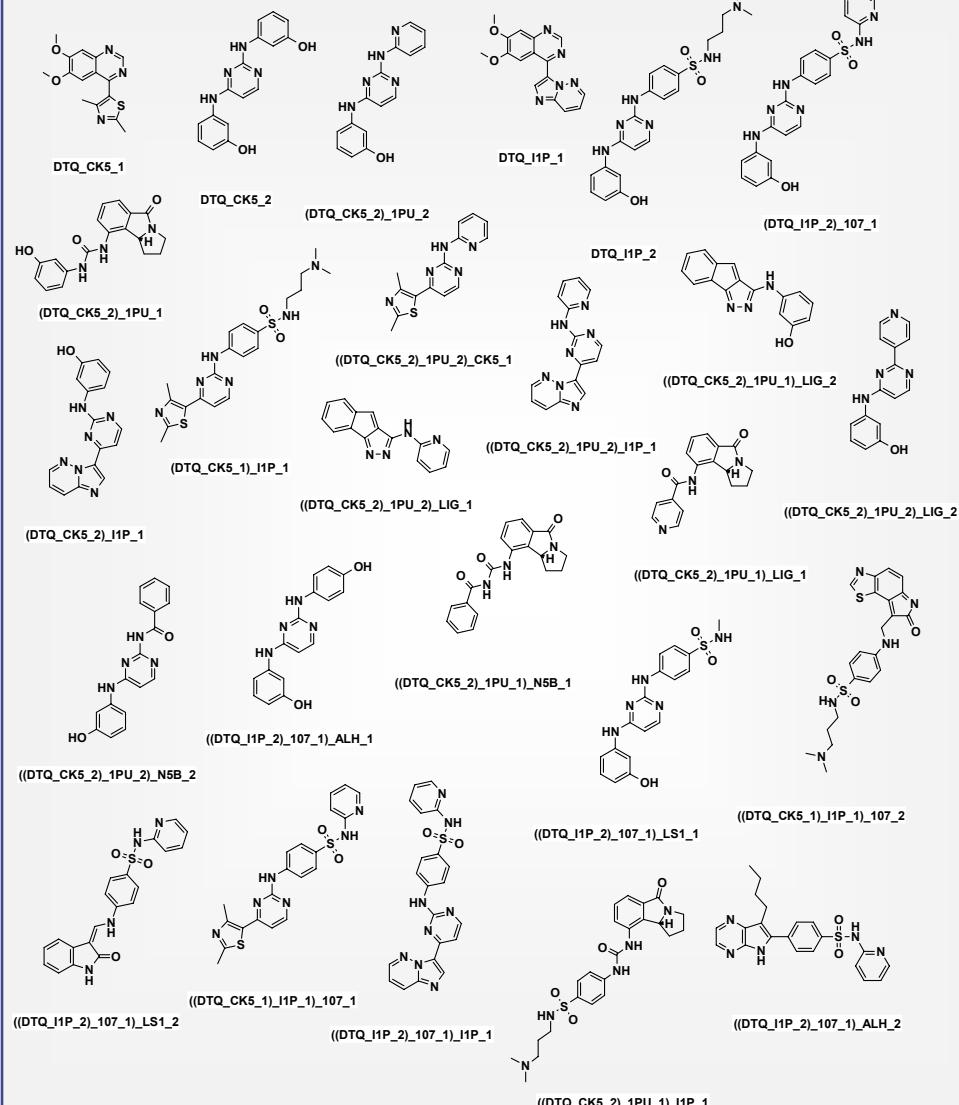
New Molecules via LigandCross

Novel Ligands via Ligand Crossover

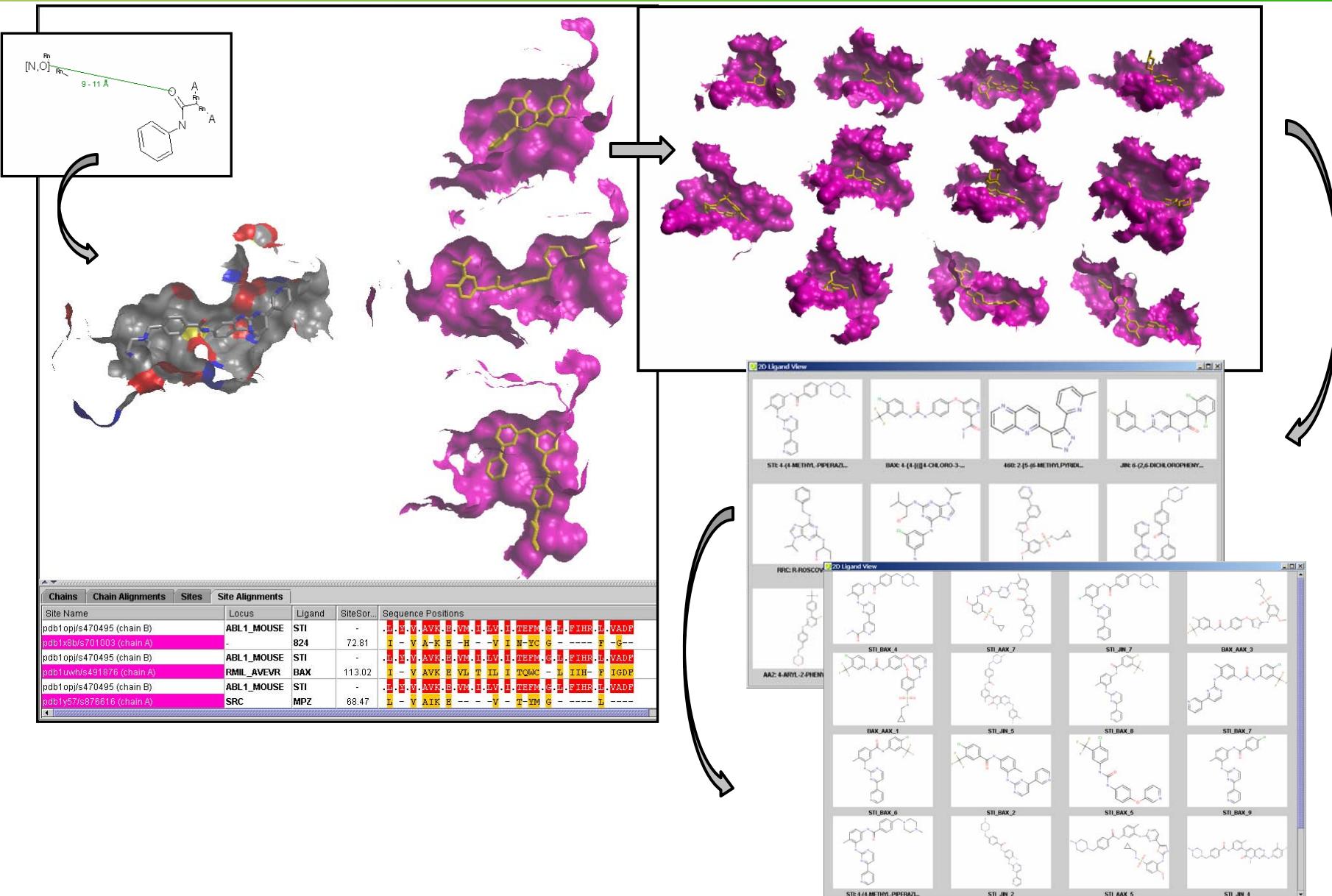
Starting ligands



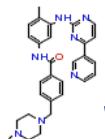
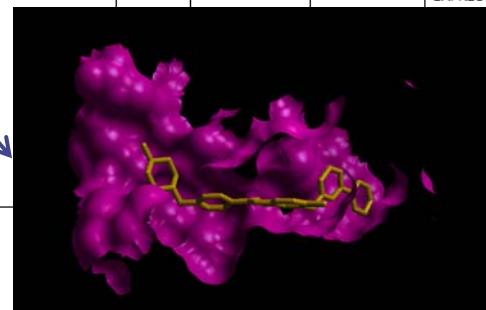
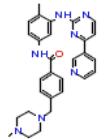
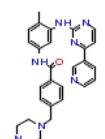
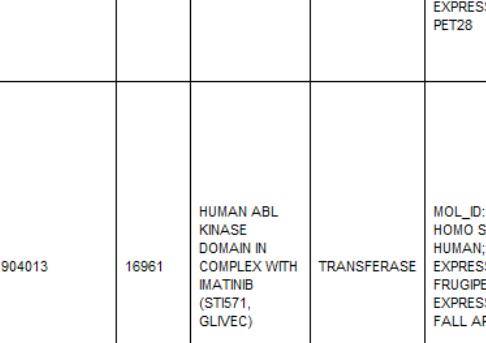
Hybridized product ligands



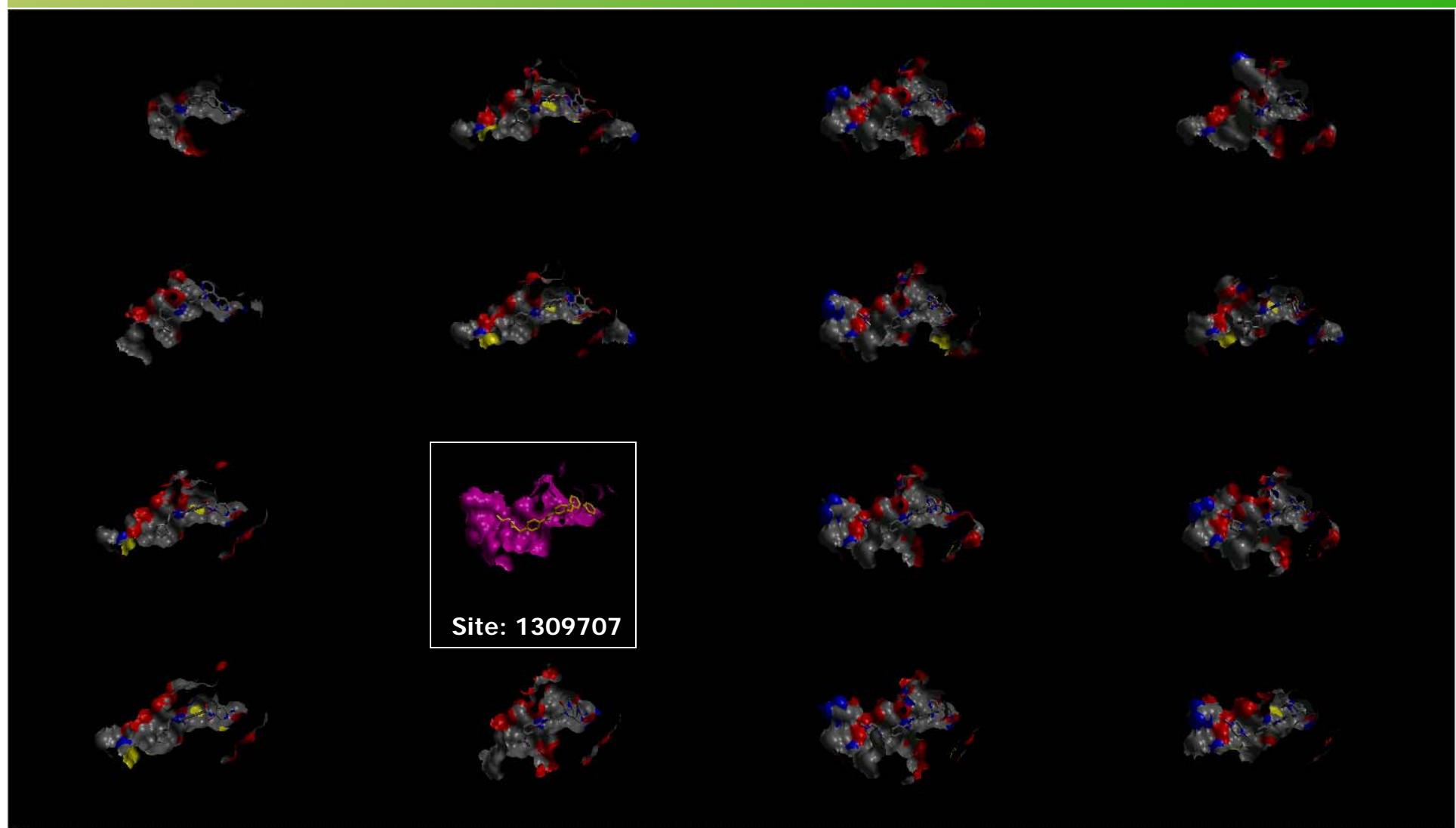
From Ligand Query to Sites to New Ligand Ideas



Step 1: Find Co-complexes and Sites from Ligand-Structure-Search

| Molecule | ligname | similarity | pdbcode | siteeid | FourCode | pdbID | pdbBnxNumber | proteinID | title | classification | source | compound | releaseDate | journalTitle | journalReference | exptype |
|---|---------|------------|---------|---------|----------|-------|--------------|-----------|--|----------------|--|---|-------------|--|--|------------------|
|  | STI | 1 | 2p10A | 1309707 | 2p10 | 2p10 | 1305799 | 42526 | LCK BOUND TO IMATINIB | TRANSFERASE |  | MOL_ID: 1; MOLECULE: PROTO-ONCOGENE TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE LCK; CHAIN: A; FRAGMENT: PROTEIN KINASE; SYNONYM: P56-LCK, LYMPHOCYTE CELL-SPECIFIC PROTEIN-TYROSINE KINASE, LSK, T CELL-SPECIFIC PROTEIN-TYROSine KINASE; EC: 2.7.10.2; ENGINEERED: YES | 09-OCT-07 | CLASSIFYING PROTEIN KINASE STRUCTURES GUIDES USE OF LIGAND-SELECTIVITY PROFILES TO PREDICT INACTIVE CONFORMATIONS: STRUCTURE OF LCK/IMATINIB COMPLEX | PROTEINS 2007 | XRAY DIFFRACTION |
|  | STI | 1 | 2oiqA | 1146914 | 2oiq | 2oiq | 1125109 | 26318 | STRUCTURE OF CHICKEN C-SRC KINASE DOMAIN IN COMPLEX WITH THE CANCER DRUG IMATINIB. | TRANSFERASE |  | MOL_ID: 1; MOLECULE: PROTO-ONCOGENE TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE SRC; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM: ESCHERICHIA COLI; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_COMMON: BACTERIA; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_STRAIN: BL21DE3; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_VECTOR_TYPE: PLASMID; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_PLASMID: PET28 | 20-MAR-07 | C-SRC BINDS TO THE CANCER DRUG IMATINIB WITH AN INACTIVE ABL/C-KIT CONFORMATION AND A DISTRIBUTED THERMODYNAMIC PENALTY. | STRUCTURE V. 15 299 2007 | XRAY DIFFRACTION |
|  | STI | 1 | 2hyyA | 918207 | 2hyy | 2hyy | 904013 | 16961 | HUMAN ABL KINASE DOMAIN IN COMPLEX WITH IMATINIB (STI571, GILEV) | TRANSFERASE |  | MOL_ID: 1; MOLECULE: PROTO-ONCOGENE TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE ABL1; CHAIN: A, B, C; SYNONYM: P150, C-ABL, ABELSON MURINE LEUKEMIA VIRAL ONCOGENE HOMOLOG 1; EC: 2.7.10.2; | 16-JAN-07 | STRUCTURAL BIOLOGY CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE DISCOVERY OF DRUGS TO TREAT CHRONIC MYELOGENOUS LEUKAEMIA. | ACTA CRYSTALLOGR. SECT.D V. 63 80 2007 | XRAY DIFFRACTION |

Step 2: Find Other Receptor Sites from Site-Similarity Search

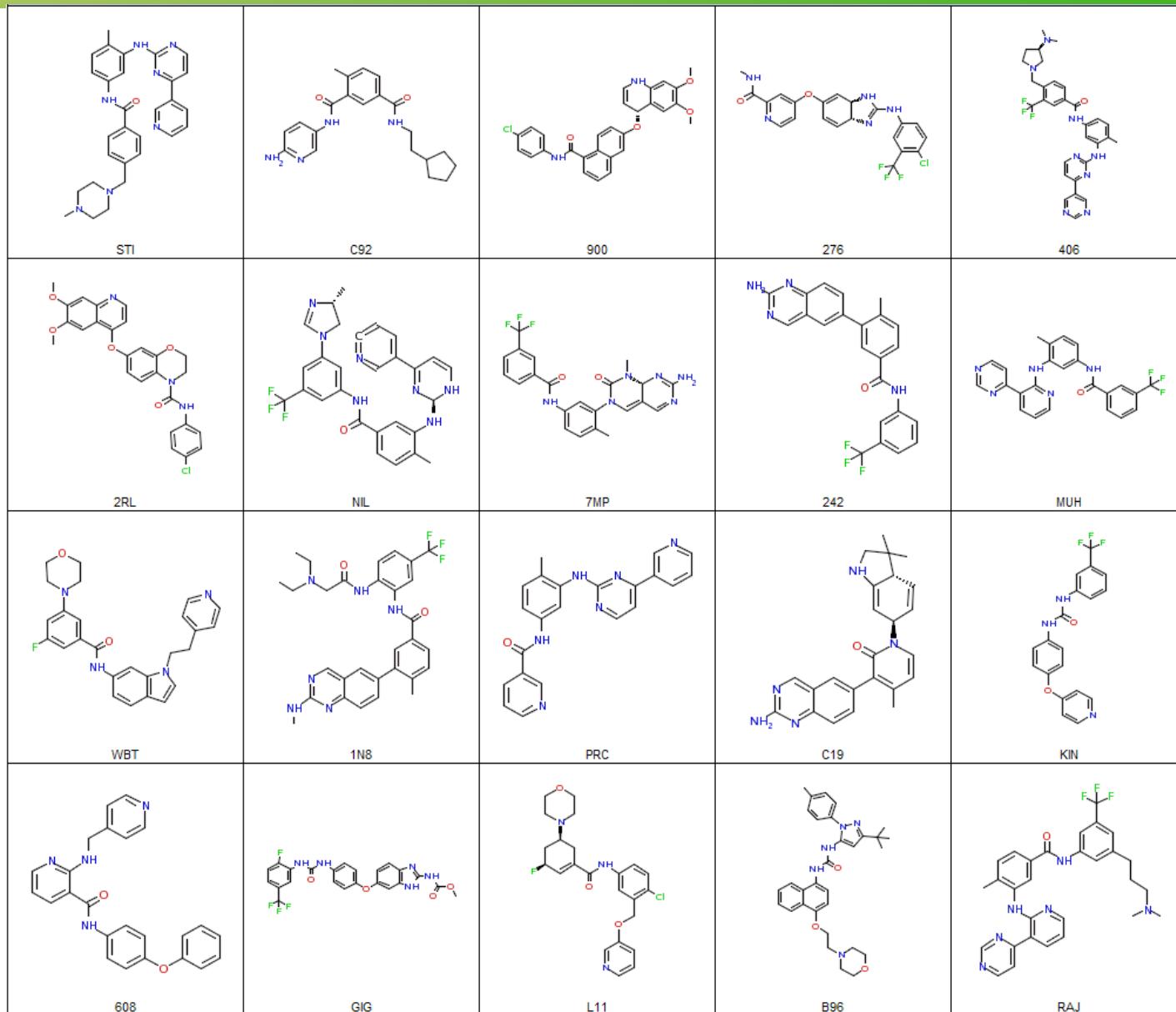


| Chains | Chain Alignments | Sites | Site Alignments |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------|---|
| Site Name | Locus | Ligand | %Conf Sequence Positions |
| pdb2pl0/s1309707 (chain A) | LCK | STI | 100 .L.V.AVK.E.LM.L.LV.I.TEY.M.G.S.I.VIHR.L.IADF |
| pdb2ofw/s1309707 (chain B) | LCK | 242 | 100 .L.V.AVK.E.LM.L.LV.I.TEY.M.G.I.W.H.D.IADF.I |
| pdb2rl5/s1396160 (chain A) | - | 2RL | 100 .LG.V.AVK.E.E.II.I.VV.V.TEFCKFGM.L.CIB.L.ICDF |
| pdb2e2b1/s1284639 (chain B) | ABL | 406 | 100 .L.V.V.A.K.E.VM.I.LV.I.TEFM.G.L.FIHRD.L.WADF |

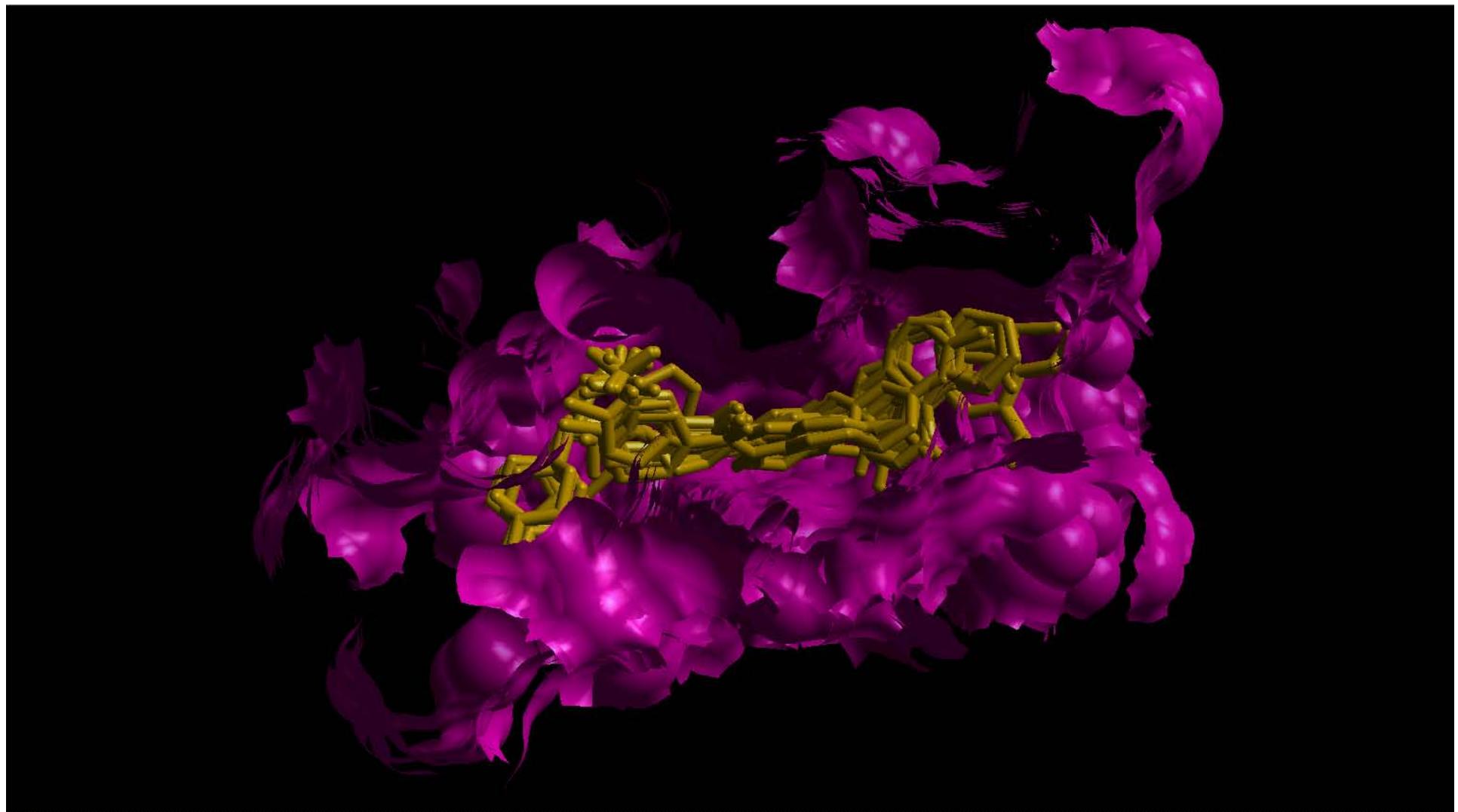
Example Site Similarity Results (Query: s1309707)

| Site | SiteLigand | SiteProtein | SiteScore | ContactScore |
|---------|------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1309707 | STI | 2pl0A | 1000 | 1 |
| 1420904 | C92 | 3cpbB | 110.906 | 0.7 |
| 1384893 | 900 | 3b8qb | 121.051 | 0.67 |
| 1322334 | 276 | 2qu5A | 117.866 | 0.66 |
| 1284638 | 406 | 2e2bA | 119.18 | 0.64 |
| 1396160 | 2RL | 2rl5A | 121.208 | 0.63 |
| 1400124 | NIL | 3cs9D | 111.198 | 0.62 |
| 867405 | 7MP | 2hiwA | 101.948 | 0.61 |
| 916548 | 242 | 2ofvB | 109.214 | 0.6 |
| 1147514 | MUH | 2oscA | 104.115 | 0.6 |
| 776230 | WBT | 1wbtA | 101.635 | 0.6 |
| 916805 | 1N8 | 2og8A | 116.819 | 0.59 |
| 394066 | PRC | 1fpuB | 107.297 | 0.57 |
| 1415780 | C19 | 3cp9A | 104.078 | 0.56 |
| 911671 | KIN | 2hznA | 106.08 | 0.56 |
| 1148488 | 608 | 2p2iB | 109.41 | 0.55 |
| 1300447 | GIG | 2oh4A | 110.471 | 0.53 |
| 1320735 | 857 | 2qu6B | 116.424 | 0.52 |
| 437653 | B96 | 1kv2A | 107.323 | 0.52 |
| 691631 | L11 | 1w83A | 101.268 | 0.52 |
| 1147212 | RAJ | 2oo8X | 104.058 | 0.52 |
| 910098 | GIN | 2hz0B | 108.713 | 0.51 |
| 1396708 | P38 | 3bv2A | 124.962 | 0.51 |
| 436174 | BMU | 1kv1A | 88.568 | 0.5 |
| 1412158 | G2G | 2puuA | 118.296 | 0.5 |
| 775147 | LI3 | 1wbvA | 85.135 | 0.5 |
| 1415688 | C52 | 3cpcB | 102.25 | 0.48 |
| 1431710 | GK6 | 3d83A | 104.164 | 0.48 |

Example Ligands Extracted from Similar Sites

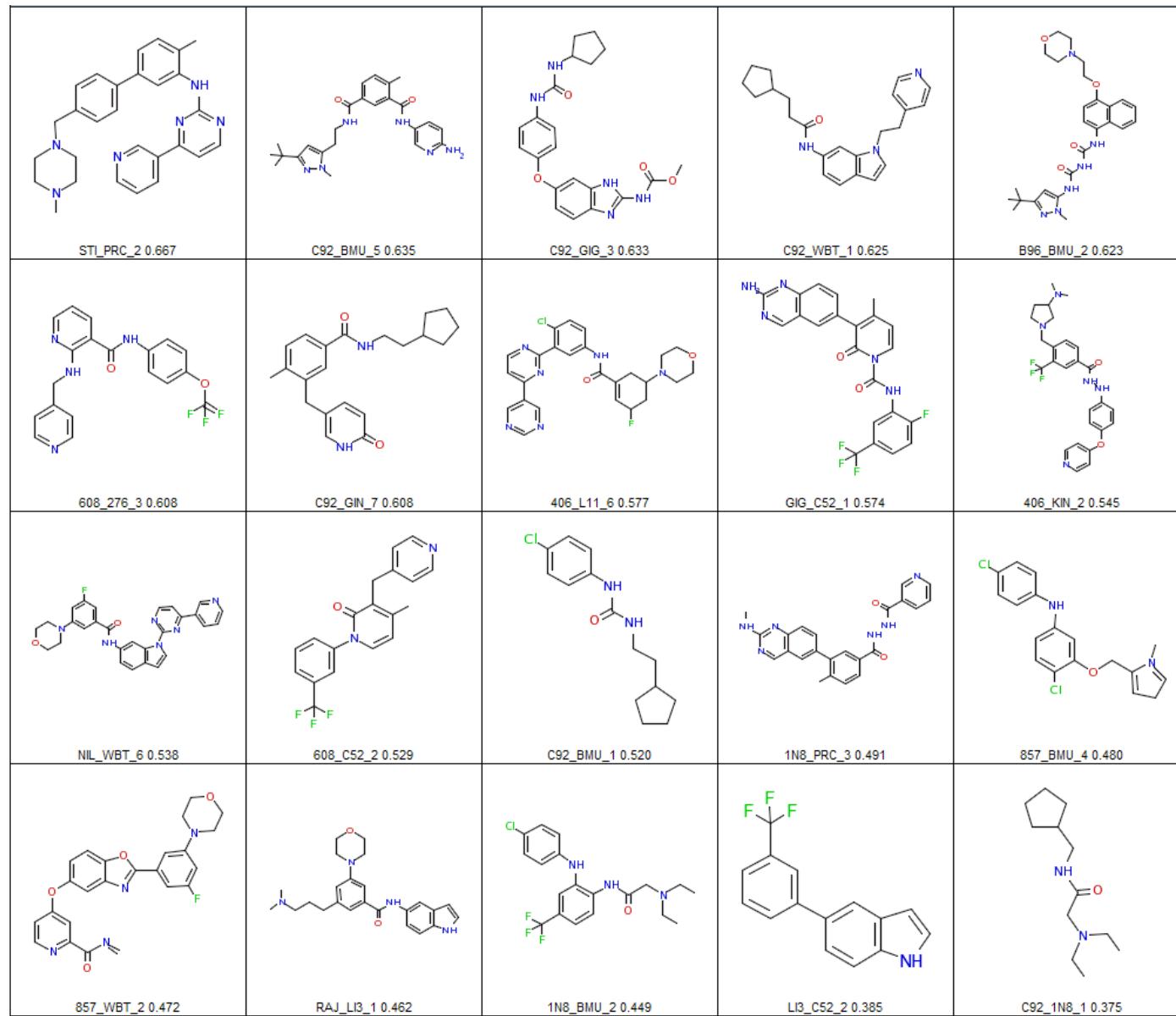


Step 3: LigandCross – Mixing Ligand Features from Aligned Sites

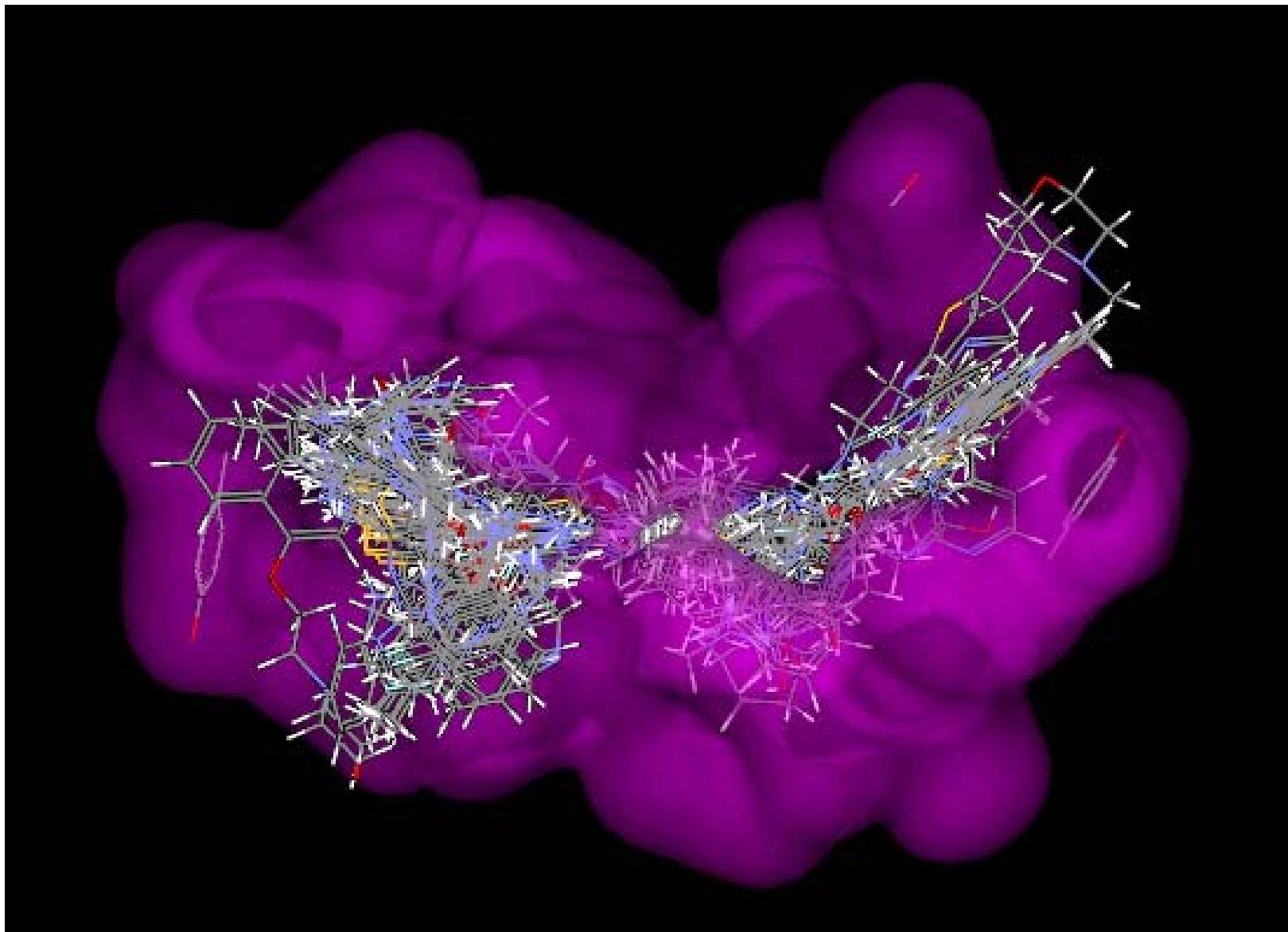


| Chains | Chain Alignments | Sites | Site Alignments | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------|-----------------|---|
| Site Name | Locus | Ligand | %Conf | Sequence Positions |
| pdb2pl0/s1309707 (chain A) | LCK | STI | 100 | .L.V.AVK.E.LM.L.LV.I.TEY.M.G.S.I.YIHR.L.IADF |
| pdb2ofw/s916548 (chain B) | LCK | 242 | 100 | .L.V.AVK.E.LM.L.LV.I.TEY.M.G.I.Y.H.L.IADF.I |
| pdb2rl5/s1396160 (chain A) | - | 2RL | 100 | .LG.V.AVK.L.E.II.I.VV.V.TEFCKFGN.L.CIH.L.ICDF |
| pdb2e2b1/s1284839 (chain B) | ABL | 406 | 100 | .L.Y.V.A.K.E.VM.I.LV.I.TEFMT.G.L.FIHRD.L.VADF |

Example LigandCross Results

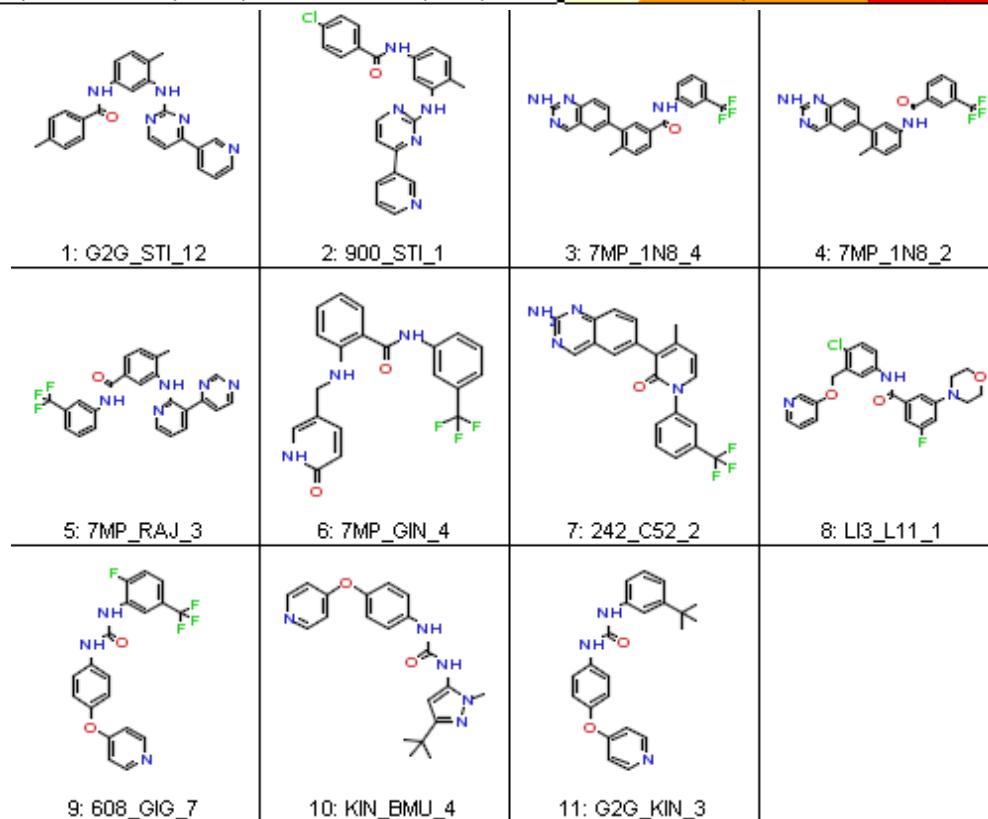


Step 4: LigandCross Ligands reDocked into s1309707



LigandCross Ligands with Reported Biological Activity

| LC-ID | Kinase Knowledgebase (pIC50) | | | | | | | | | | Bayesian Model Predictions (PP) | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|-------|--------|------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|------|---------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------|------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| | ABL | PDGFR | PDGFRB | JAK3 | KDR | LCK | MAPK14 | TEK | KIT | RAF1 | ABL | PDGFR | PDGFRB | JAK3 | KDR | LCK | MAPK14 | TEK | KIT | RAF1 | |
| G2G_STI_12 | 6.7 | 8 | 8 | | | | | | | | 0.40 | 0.90 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.59 | 0.15 | 0.89 | 0.45 | 0.70 | 0.37 | |
| 900_STI_1 | 6.1 | 8 | 8 | | | | | | | | 0.38 | 0.91 | 0.76 | 0.72 | 0.56 | 0.16 | 0.88 | 0.42 | 0.71 | 0.56 | |
| 7MP_1N8_4 | | | | 7.8 | 9 | 9.5 | | 8.7 | | | 0.36 | 0.49 | 0.34 | 0.32 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.95 | 0.67 | 0.86 | 0.39 | |
| 7MP_1N8_2 | | | | | 6.8 | 8.3 | 9.5 | | 9 | | 0.37 | 0.46 | 0.31 | 0.44 | 0.92 | 1.00 | 0.92 | 0.69 | 0.84 | 0.45 | |
| 7MP_RAJ_3 | | | | | | 8.4 | | | | 8.4 | 0.35 | 0.73 | 0.50 | 0.49 | 0.92 | 0.81 | 0.86 | 0.94 | 0.74 | 0.37 | |
| 7MP_GIN_4 | | | | | | 7.6 | | | | | 0.16 | 0.50 | 0.40 | 0.82 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 0.70 | 0.41 | 0.76 | 0.51 | |
| 242_C52_2 | | | | | | | | | | 7.9 | 0.30 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.74 | 0.80 | 0.66 | 0.74 | 0.31 | 1.00 | 0.43 | |
| LI3_L11_1 | | | | | | | | | | 7.2 | 0.31 | 0.73 | 0.55 | 0.84 | 0.74 | 0.69 | 0.62 | 0.36 | 0.76 | 0.85 | |
| 608_GIG_7 | | | | | | | | | | | 6.1 | 0.28 | 0.61 | 0.57 | 0.69 | 0.93 | 0.50 | 0.60 | 0.68 | 0.85 | 0.50 |
| KIN_BMU_4 | | | | | | | | | | | 6.1 | 0.31 | 0.43 | 0.45 | 0.78 | 0.76 | 0.57 | 0.77 | 0.33 | 0.81 | 0.25 |
| G2G_KIN_3 | | | | | | | | | | | 6.1 | 0.25 | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.75 | 0.89 | 0.59 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 0.84 | 0.43 |



Conclusions

- Significant receptor-site similarities exist within and across target families
- The structurally resolved and modelable proteome is a very rich source for new matter ideas
- LigandCross can be an effective strategy to generate novel, bioactive molecules from co-complex information.

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- ChIP: National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) –
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